## SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

## Maternal Urinary Bisphenol A during Pregnancy and Maternal and Neonatal Thyroid Function in the CHAMACOS Study

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Supplemental Material, Table S1. Urinary bisphenol A concentrations (µg/g creatinine) during pregnancy in CHAMACOS study participants in samples included in analyses of maternal (n=335) and neonatal (n=364) serum thyroid hormone levels.

			Percentile	S			
Timing of Measurement	N	25 <sup>th</sup>	50 <sup>th</sup>	75 <sup>th</sup>	Range	Geometric Mean (GSD <sup>a</sup> )	Detection Frequency
Maternal TH <sup>b</sup> analyses							
Closest measurement	335	0.7	1.1	1.9	$<$ LOD $^{c}$ – 37	1.2 (2.3)	82%
Farthest measurement	335	0.7	1.1	1.8	<lod 27<="" td="" –=""><td>1.1 (2.3)</td><td>81%</td></lod>	1.1 (2.3)	81%
Pregnancy average	335	0.8	1.2	1.9	<lod 19<="" td="" –=""><td>1.3 (2.0)</td><td>82%</td></lod>	1.3 (2.0)	82%
Neonatal TSH <sup>d</sup> analyses							
Closest measurement	364	0.7	1.2	1.9	<lod 48<="" td="" –=""><td>1.2 (2.3)</td><td>82%</td></lod>	1.2 (2.3)	82%
Farthest measurement	364	0.7	1.1	1.8	<LOD $-27$	1.1 (2.3)	82%
Pregnancy average	364	0.8	1.2	1.9	<LOD $-24$	1.3 (2.0)	82%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> GSD = geometric standard deviation. <sup>b</sup> Thyroid hormone.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Limit of detection (LOD) = 0.4μg/L.

<sup>d</sup> Thyroid-stimulating hormone